Der Bioökonomierat der Bundesregierung

The German Bioeconomy Council





Members of the German Bioeconomy Council







































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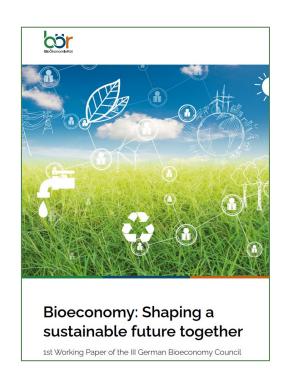


The German Bioeconomy Council and its mission

- Develop recommendations for concrete measures to implement the national bioeconomy strategy (NBÖS) and to support the transition to a sustainable bioeconomy
- Involve policy, industry and civil society into the development of these recommendations

Fields of action...



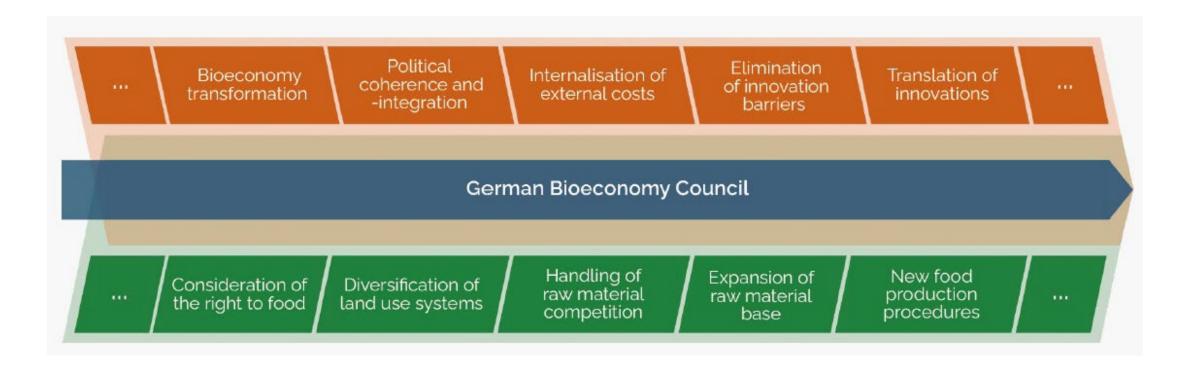


The statutory targets in the areas of climate protection, biodiversity, sustainability and circular economy serve as landmarks for our work. We see significant contributions to the implementation of these guidelines in the following fields of action, among others:

- Sustainable land and land use
- Measures and innovations to reduce greenhouse gases (GHG)
- Stable conditions for Bioeconomy-innovations
- Resource shift

German Bioeconomy Council Current and future topics



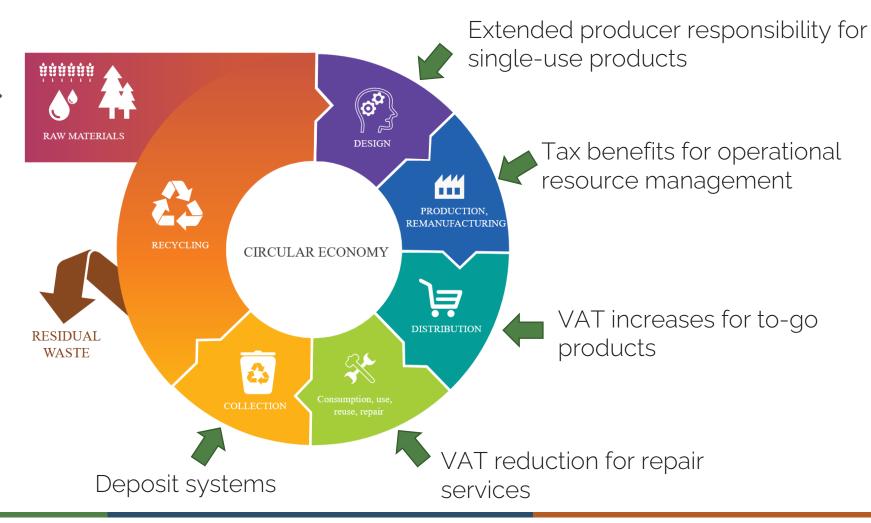


https://www.biooekonomierat.de/en/events/event-reports/council-meeting-february.php





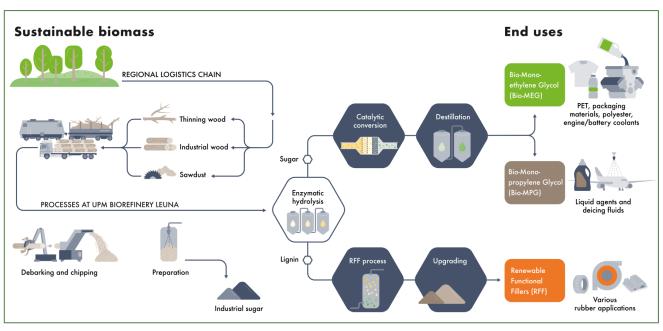
Resource taxation



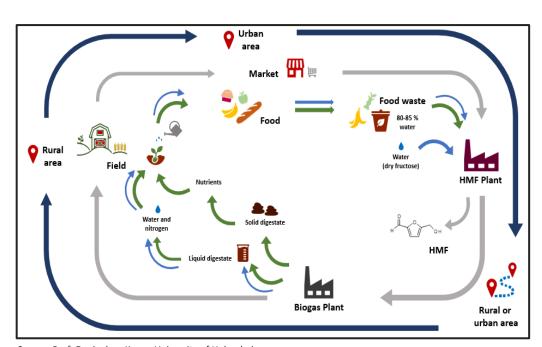
Source: European Parlament, Forum Ökologisch-Soziale Marktwirtschaft



Biorefinery with closed nutrient and water circles at different scales



Source: UPM Biochemicals, Leuna



Source: Prof. Dr. Andrea Kruse, University of Hohenheim

Industrial and agricultural biorefineries

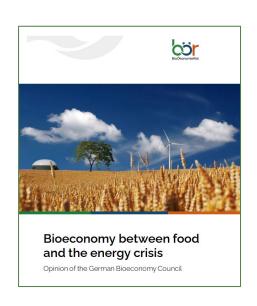


provide green products | use wide range of raw materials | establish value chains

- Expanded raw material base: waste water, waste and certain types of CO₂
- Integration of biorefineries into existing infrastructures
- Translation: transfer of developments from the laboratory to industrial or agricultural reality
- Sustainability: Comprehensive assessments of ecological effects covering the entire life cycle
- Costs: CO₂ price as an important prerequisite

Bioeconomy: Key to overcoming the crisis and paving the way for transformation





A sustainable bioeconomy can help provide answers to the issues of how the consequences of the food crisis can be mitigated in the short, medium and long term, and how the energy and raw materials transition can succeed.

- future tasks require rapid and comprehensive further development of the bioeconomy and its implementation without putting further pressure on the already strained global food situation
- food security be given priority over the material and energy use of agricultural products and biomass

Conclusion: Overcoming crises and setting the course for transformation requires the interplay of social, ecological and economic factors





Food security and food availability

Measures:

- Reduction of Meat consumption, livestock numbers and animal feed
- Better use of opportunities in CAP and net-zero land consumption
- Worldwide resilient agricultural systems and international agreements
- Circular economy in agriculture and new business models
- Encouraging behavioral changes in lifestyles





Energy and raw materials transition

Measures:

- Reduction in consumption of fossil-based energy and less energy consumption in transport → paving the transition to renewable energy sources
- Exploitation of unused biogenic raw materials and Customising biofuel controls
- Supporting the market introduction of biorefineries
- Carbon strategy and CO₂ prices
- Circular economy and cascade use of energy-intensive raw materials
- Encouraging behavioral changes in lifestyles



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https://www.biooekonomierat.de

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Thank You very much

